Policy Series: Academics and Research

Policy Title: 100-018 POLICY ON STUDENT ACADEMIC GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES **Responsible Officer:** Provost and Chief Academic Officer **Responsible Office:** Office of the Provost and Chief Academic Officer **Effective Date:** Approved by the Board of Trustees (April 23, 1994)

Student Academic Grievance Procedure:

The Informal Process

- 1. A student who believes that he/she has been aggrieved must first attempt to seek an informal resolution with the other party involved in the dispute, e.g., grade dispute with instructor.
- 2. If the student is unable to resolve the dispute with the primary party of the dispute, then the student is advised to seek the intervention of his or her department chairperson.
- 3. All disputes which are not resolved at the departmental level are then brought to the Dean's Office, whereupon the Dean or the Dean's designee will seek to reach an informal resolution through mediation between the parties.
- 4. If the mediation at the Dean's level fails then the student's grievance is consigned to the committee designated by the school/college to address student grievances herein referred to as the Student Grievance Committee.

The Formal Process

- 1. Student grievances which are consigned to the Student Grievance Committee must be specified in writing and given to the Dean or the Dean's designee.
- 2. A student's written statement, along with supportive evidence, constitutes a case document, which will be submitted to each member of the committee.
- 3. The second party to the dispute is also requested to provide the Office of the Dean with his or her account of the matter in dispute, which becomes a part of the case document that is forwarded to the committee.
- 4. The Student Grievance Committee is then required to set a date for convening a meeting to hear the case(s) as expeditiously as possible.
- 5. After the date has been set, each party to the dispute is sent a certified letter which informs him or her of the charges, and date of the meeting as well as a statement requesting his or her presence.
- 6. During the hearing, the student presents his/her case; after, the accused party is allowed to present the other side. Each side is permitted to have witnesses.
- 7. Following the hearing, members of the committee after deliberation on their assessment of the case reach a decision as to how the case should be resolved.
- 8. The committee's decision is sent to the Dean of the School/College in the form of a recommendation.
- 9. The Dean then informs the student in writing of the decision, which may be based upon the committee's recommendation or upon a modification of it.